



Cambridge International AS & A Level

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MATHEMATICS

9709/63

Paper 6 Probability & Statistics 2

May/June 2025

1 hour 15 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

You will need: List of formulae (MF19)

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer **all** questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do **not** write on any bar codes.
- If additional space is needed, you should use the lined page at the end of this booklet; the question number or numbers must be clearly shown.
- You should use a calculator where appropriate.
- You must show all necessary working clearly; no marks will be given for unsupported answers from a calculator.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place for angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 50.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

This document has **12** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

- (a) Find the probability that, in a randomly chosen 1-minute period, at least 2 customers arrive. [3]

[illegible]

- (i) State a suitable approximating distribution for X , giving the value(s) of any parameter(s). [2]

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- This image shows a full page of white paper with horizontal dashed lines, typical of primary school handwriting practice paper. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.



- 2 The lengths of pencils made at a factory are normally distributed. The standard deviation of the lengths is σ cm, and the mean is supposed to be 10 cm. An inspector thinks that the mean is actually greater than 10 cm. He takes a random sample of 50 pencils produced at the factory and finds that the mean of these 50 lengths is 10.03 cm. He then carries out a hypothesis test.

(a) He finds that the value of the test statistic z is 1.995 correct to 3 decimal places.

- (i) Calculate the value of σ . [3]

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- (ii) Carry out the hypothesis test at the 2.5% significance level. [3]

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- (b) Explain whether it was necessary to use the Central Limit Theorem in carrying out the test. [1]

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- 3 A machine dispenses coffee into cups. The volume, $V\text{cm}^3$, of coffee in a cup was measured for a random sample of 150 cups. The results were summarised as follows.

$$\Sigma v = 46\,350 \qquad \Sigma v^2 = 14\,410\,800$$

- (a) (i) Calculate unbiased estimates of the population mean, μ , and population variance, σ^2 . [3]

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- (ii) Calculate a 95% confidence interval for μ . [3]

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Another random sample of n cups of coffee is taken, where $100 < n < 120$. A 95% confidence interval for μ is calculated using this sample. You may assume that, for large samples, unbiased estimates of σ^2 are very similar.

- (b) Without calculation, state whether this confidence interval would be wider or narrower than the confidence interval found in part (a)(ii). Give a reason for your answer. [2]

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- 4 Emma needs to choose one person at random from three people, P , Q and R . She plans to throw two fair coins and note the number, n , of heads. If n is 0, she will choose P . If n is 1, she will choose Q . If n is 2, she will choose R .

- (a) By considering probabilities, show that the choice made by this method is not random. [2]

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Later, Emma has to choose two people at random from three people.

- (b) Describe how Emma could use a single throw of a fair six-sided dice to make this random choice. [2]

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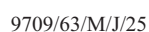
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- Stating a necessary assumption, find the maximum value of n . [4]

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- 6 A random variable X has probability density function given by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} ax & 0 \leq x \leq b, \\ 0 & \text{otherwise,} \end{cases}$$

where a and b are constants.

- (a) Show that $a = \frac{2}{b^2}$. [3]

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- (b) Show that $P(X < E(X)) = \frac{4}{9}$. [6]

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- In the month following the change, there were 35 job applicants, and r of these had first-class degrees. The firm carried out a hypothesis test at the 4% significance level to test the director's belief.

- (a) Use a binomial distribution to find the largest value of r that would provide sufficient evidence that the director's belief is correct. [6]

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(b) Explain the meaning of a Type I error in this context, and state the probability of a Type I error. [2]

(c) Given that the proportion of job applicants with first class degrees this year is actually 0.05, find the probability of a Type II error. [2]

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